TWO NEW TAXA FOR FLORA OF TURKEY

Nasip DEMİRKUŞ

Hacettepe University, Faculty of Science, Department of Biology, Beytepe Campus-Ankara—TÜRKİYE

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ABSTRACT: *In this paper two new taxa for Flora of Turkey are given:* Papaver monanthum (*Papaveraceae*), Malus sylvestris *subsp.* sylvestris (*Rosaceae*).

Key Words: Papaver, Malus

TÜRKİYE FLORASI İÇİN İKİ YENİ TAKSON

ÖZET: Bu makalede Türkiye Florası için 2 yeni takson, Papaver monanthum (Papaveraceae), Malus sylvestris subsp. sylvestris (Rosaceae) verilmiştir.

Anahtar Kelimeler: Papaver, Malus

INTRODUCTION

The taxa presented in this paper were collected between 1982-1986 during our floris-tic study in provinces of Kars, Erzurum and Artvin in Eastern Anatolia. These taxa were checked from related references (1-7). The specimens are kept in the herbarium of Hacettepe University, at the Department of Biology (HUB).

RESULTS

Papaveraceae

Papaver monanthum Trautv. Fl. Cauc. crit. HI, 4(1905). A species new for Turkey is easily distinguished from *P. oreophilum* Pupr. and *P. latentium* Koch by its scapose stem, more stigma rays (6-7) and smaller capsule (12-15 X 5-6) mm) (Figure 1, Table 1),(1-4).

Habitat; Stony places in alpine zone rather rare.

Flowering time: June-July.

Type: Described from Shombobel Mountain in Askhaltsıkne region (In Leningrad).

A9 Artvin: Ardanuç, Lahşet Fields to Kurdevan Mountain, c. 2800 m, 29.7.1982, De-mirkuş 1642.

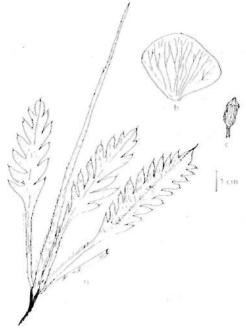


Figure 1. Papaver monanthum a scapose stem and leaves b. potal c. capsule.

Table 1. Comparison of Diagnostic Characters of P. monanthum With P. oreophilum and P. lateritium

Species	P. monanthum	P. oreophilum	P. lateritium
Stem	scapose	stem leafy	stem leafy
Stigma rays	6-7	5-7	5-6
Capsul e	12-15 X 5-6 mm	15-17 X 6-7 mm	15-25 X 10-12 mm

A9 Artvin: Ardanuç, Kurdevan Mountain, c. 2500 m, 8.8.1984, Demirkuş 2481. Geografical Distribution: Caucasus, N. E. Turkey.

Rosaceae

Malus sylvestris Mill, subsp. sylvestris Gard. Diet. ed. 8. No. 1 (1768).

A new subspecies for the Flora of Turkey. Differs from M. sylvestris subsp. orientalis (A. Uglitzkich) Browicz, by its glabrous mature leaves and rounded leaf base (4-7). Differs from M. sylvestris subsp. mitts (Wallr.) Mansf. by its smaller pome length (Figure 2, Table 2).

Habitat: Deciduous and mixed forests.

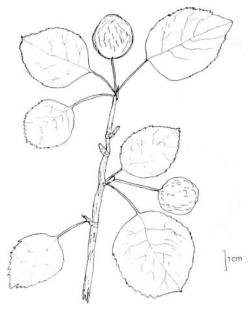


Figure 2. Malus sylvestris subsp. sylvestris stem, leaves and pome (fruit).

Table 2. Comparison of Diagnostic Characters of *M. sylvestris* subsp. *sylvestris* With subsp. *orienta-tis* and subsp. *mitis*

Subspecies	subsp. sylvestris	subsp. orientalis	subsp. mitis
Stem	dirty white	dark	dark
Mature leaves	glabrous	hairy	hairy
Leaf base	rounded	cuneat	cuneat to rounded
Pome length	2-3 cm	2-3 cm	5-15 cm
Pedicels	equal or longer than pome and glabrous	equal or shorther than pome and hairy	shorter than pome and hairy glabrous

Flowering time: May-June.

Type: Unknown described from England.

A9 Kars: Posof, Yutbekler Village Forest, 1100-1600 m, 27.9.1986, Demirkuş, 3850.

Geografical Distribution: Wide spread in Europe, N. E Turkey

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